Countess Gytha Primary School Curriculum Planning

The Primary National Curriculum applies to children in Year 1 through to Year 6 and covers all subjects from Maths and English through to Art and Computing. A guide for parents can be viewed on our website, https://www.countessgythaprimary.co.uk/lancelot-class-year-5-6/

We have looked carefully at the new curriculum and set out two-year rolling programmes which show when we will teach each part of the curriculum over the course of 2 years. This ensures children in mixed age classes are taught everything set out in the curriculum, whichever class they may be in. We have linked the subjects as much as possible in each term to allow the children to learn through a 'topic based' approach to learning; in this way more than one subject may be taught within a lesson and a range of skills learned.

Please do not worry if your child covers a topic more than once in their time with us here at Countess Gytha, the topics are so broad and with each year group, a deeper progression of skills enables teachers to cover areas of a topic not learned previously. Likewise, it is important to recognise that it is the National Curriculum objectives that must all be covered by the end of each key stage, not the theme per se. Wherever possible, we will try to ensure a balance of themes between classes.

The children in Reception will continue to follow the Early Years Foundation Stage, with the areas of learning being linked by teachers to the National Curriculum wherever possible.

The topic titles on the rolling programmes are a starting point for each topic and may change or be adapted, often based on the children's interests, to make the learning as inspiring and engaging as possible.

Below are the Rolling Programmes for all year groups across the school. If you have any questions, please speak to your child's teacher.

Year 5/6

Year B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Theme (Half Termly or Termly)	Monarchy and Changing Power		Water and Natural Resources		Climate and Biomes School Play	
Possible Trips/Enrichment activities	Parents vs Children Quiz		Sutton Bingham Water Treatment Plant		Residential	
English - Writing	 Instructions writing – bullet points, colons, sub-headings Diary Entry – emotive language, chronological order Debate – Vocabulary chosen for formality, showing both sides of the argument Playscript – using colons and semi-colons, brackets Poetry – emotive language Poetry – Figurative language Letter writing – persuasive vocabulary, formal writing Speech – passive voice Narrative – setting, character description using adverbials, devices to build cohesion, adverbials, sentences openers Narrative - devices to build cohesion, powerful adverbs and verbs 		 Diary Entry – formality, adverbials of time Non-Chronological Report – semi-colon and colons, brackets, dashes and commas, relative clauses and passive voice Advertisement – superlative, hyperbole, modal verbs, commands Debate - Vocabulary chosen for formality, showing both sides of the argument, subjunctive Book Review – Narrative – setting and character descriptions Narrative - figurative language, pathetic fallacy and personification Poetry – performance Biography – parenthesis, fronted adverbials Biography – passive voice, semi-colons, colons 		 Narrative – dialogue and how it can move the story forwards Narrative – dialogue and how it can move the story forwards, show not tell Newspaper Reports – Formality, adverbials, relative clauses Newspaper Reports – Passive voice, adverbials, relative clauses Narrative – expanded noun phrases, sentence starters, setting description Narrative – Planning and retelling an adventure story Non-chronological report – adverbials, relative clauses, parenthesis 	
Book Focus	There's a Boy in the Girl's Bathroom by Louis Sachar	The Adventures of Odysseus by Hugh Lupton	Ghost by Jason Reynolds	The Lady of Shalott by Alfred Tennyson	Oranges in No Man'	's Land by Elizabeth Laird
English Y5 - SPaG	 Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes [e.g., -ate; -ise; -ify] Verb prefixes [e.g., dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-] Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs or modal verbs Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time place and number or tense choices 		 Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes [e.g., -ate; -ise; -ify] Verb prefixes [e.g., dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-] Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs or modal verbs Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time place and number or tense choices Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity 		 Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes [e.g., -ate; -ise; -ify] Verb prefixes [e.g., dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-] Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs or modal verbs Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time place and number or tense choices Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity 	

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	Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis			
	Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity			
English Y6 - SPaG	 The difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, find out – discover; ask for – request; go in – enter] How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, big, large, little]. Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing or the use of subjunctive forms Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices: repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections [for example, the use of adverbials such as on the other hand, in contrast, or as a consequence], and ellipsis Layout devices [for example, headings, subheadings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses Use of the colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists Punctuation of bullet points to list information How hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity 	 The difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, find out – discover; ask for – request; go in – enter] How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, big, large, little]. Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing or the use of subjunctive forms Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices: repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections [for example, the use of adverbials such as on the other hand, in contrast, or as a consequence], and ellipsis Layout devices [for example, headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses Use of the colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists Punctuation of bullet points to list information How hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity 	 The difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, find out – discover; ask for – request; go in – enter] How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, big, large, little]. Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing or the use of subjunctive forms Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices: repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections [for example, the use of adverbials such as on the other hand, in contrast, or as a consequence], and ellipsis Layout devices [for example, headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses Use of the colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists Punctuation of bullet points to list information How hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity 	
Mathematics Y5	Number/Calculation Secure place value to 1,000,000 Use negative whole numbers in context *Use Roman numerals to 1000 (M) Use standard written methods for all four operations Confidently add & subtract mentally Use vocabulary of prime, factor & multiple Multiply & divide by powers of ten Use square and cube numbers	Number/Calculation Secure place value to 1,000,000 Use negative whole numbers in context Use Roman numerals to 1000 (M) Use standard written methods for all four operations Confidently add & subtract mentally Use vocabulary of prime, factor & multiple Multiply & divide by powers of ten Use square and cube numbers	Number/Calculation -Secure place value to 1,000,000 -Use negative whole numbers in context *Use Roman numerals to 1000 (M) -Use standard written methods for all four operations -Confidently add & subtract mentally -Use vocabulary of prime, factor & multiple -Multiply & divide by powers of ten -Use square and cube numbers	
	Geometry & Measures Convert between different units -Calculate perimeter of composite shapes & area of rectangles -Estimate volume & capacity -Identify 3-d shapes -Measure & identify angles -Understand regular polygons Reflect & translate shapes	Geometry & Measures Convert between different units -Calculate perimeter of composite shapes & area of rectangles -Estimate volume & capacity -Identify 3-d shapes -Measure & identify angles -Understand regular polygons Reflect & translate shapes Data -Interpret tables & line graphs -Solve questions about line graphs	Geometry & Measures Convert between different units ·Calculate perimeter of composite shapes & area of rectangles ·Estimate volume & capacity ·Identify 3-d shapes ·Measure & identify angles ·Understand regular polygons Reflect & translate shapes Data -Interpret tables & line graphs ·Solve questions about line graphs	
	<u>Data</u> Interpret tables & line graphs ·Solve questions about line graphs	Fractions, decimals & percentages -Compare & order fractions	Fractions, decimals & percentages -Compare & order fractions	

	Fractions, decimals & percentages Compare & order fractions Add & subtract fractions with common denominators, with mixed numbers Multiply fractions by units Write decimals as fractions Order & round decimal numbers ·Link percentages to fractions & decimals	·Add & subtract fractions with common denominators, with mixed numbers ·Multiply fractions by units ·Write decimals as fractions ·Order & round decimal numbers ·Link percentages to fractions & decimals	·Add & subtract fractions with common denominators, with mixed numbers ·Multiply fractions by units ·Write decimals as fractions ·Order & round decimal numbers ·Link percentages to fractions & decimals	
Mathematics Y6	Number/Calculation Secure place value & rounding to 10,000,000, including negatives All written methods of calculation (+ - x divide) Use order of operations Identify factors, multiples and prime numbers Solve multi-step problems Algebra * Introduce simple unknowns Geometry & Measures Use a range of measures and conversions with confidence Calculate the area of triangles and parallelograms Use area and volume formulas Classify a variety of shapes by their properties Know and use rules for angles Translate, reflect and rotate shapes in the four quadrants Data Use pie charts Calculate the mean averages Fractions, decimals & percentages Compare and simplify fractions Use equivalents to add and subtract fractions Divide fractions by whole numbers Solve problems using decimals, fractions and percentages Use written division methods up to 2 decimal places Solve ratio and proportion problems.	Number/Calculation Secure place value & rounding to 10,000,000, including negatives All written methods of calculation (+ - x divide) Use order of operations Identify factors, multiples and prime numbers Solve multi-step problems Algebra * Introduce simple unknowns Geometry & Measures Use a range of measures and conversions with confidence Calculate the area of triangles and parallelograms Use area and volume formulas Classify a variety of shapes by their properties Know and use rules for angles Translate, reflect and rotate shapes in the four quadrants Data Use pie charts Calculate the mean averages Fractions, decimals & percentages Compare and simplify fractions Use equivalents to add and subtract fractions Divide fractions by whole numbers Solve problems using decimals, fractions and percentages Use written division methods up to 2 decimal places Solve ratio and proportion problems.	Number/Calculation Secure place value & rounding to 10,000,000, including negatives All written methods of calculation (+ - x divide) Use order of operations Identify factors, multiples and prime numbers Solve multi-step problems Algebra * Introduce simple unknowns Geometry & Measures Use a range of measures and conversions with confidence Calculate the area of triangles and parallelograms Use area and volume formulas Classify a variety of shapes by their properties Know and use rules for angles Translate, reflect and rotate shapes in the four quadrants Data Use pie charts Calculate the mean averages Fractions, decimals & percentages Compare and simplify fractions Use equivalents to add and subtract fractions Divide fractions by whole numbers Solve problems using decimals, fractions and percentages Use written division methods up to 2 decimal places Solve ratio and proportion problems.	
Science	Living things and their Habitats (Plants) (Year 6) Animals, including Humans (Year 5, 6) describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants give reasons for classifying plants based on specific characteristics describe the changes as humans develop to old age	Forces (Y5) explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect		

	 recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans 					
Music	Livin' on a Prayer	Christmas	Jazz 1	Dancing in the Street	RRR	Practice for performance
History	To understand a sequer the expanding power of To use evidence to inter I To evaluate the relevant primary and secondary:	the Tudors ses to develop our storical figures d of a picture of King Henry VIII nce of events that has lead to the monarchy pret the life of Queen Elizabeth ce and usefulness of different	Britain Now and Then To identify some of the main changes in Britain since 1948 and to identify key characteristics of different decades. To identify similarities and differences between types of sources of information available in different periods in the past. To find out some of the main events of the 1950s and to investigate what life was like during this period. To find out about some of the main events of the 1960s and to investigate what life was like in Britain during this period. To find out about some of the main events of the 1970s and to investigate what life was like in Britain during this period. To find out about some of the main events of the 1980s and to investigate what life was like in Britain during this period. To investigate what life was like in Britain the 1990s and to identify connections between different aspects of life since 1948.			
Geography			Water and Natural Resources What is Earth's most important resource? (What is most valuable thing we get from the Earth?) How does the Earth recycle water? What are the threats to freshwater supply? What solutions are there? What if natural resources run out? Reduction of waste of resources – Who is responsible? Should people be worried about the Earth's resources?		 Climate and Biomes Why doesn't the World all look the same? Where are different climate zones and what are they like? What are the different biomes like? Which biome is most under threat? Which is the most important biome? 	
Art and Design & Technology	Cookery (DT) Prepare and cook a variet savoury dishes using a rai		Electronic and Programming (DT)	Drawing (Artist 4) David Hockney - Landscapes	Mixed Media Project (Painted Ceramic)	

Computing	Multimedia - Sell my School		Handling Data – Checking my Fitness		Handling Data – Answer my Questions	
Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) / Relationships and Health Education (RHE)	Me & My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights & Responsibilities	Being My Best	Growing & Changing
Physical Education (PE)	swimming swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]	Team Games – Netball and Hockey Play competitive games and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	Gymnastics and Dance Flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance Learning and creating dance routines	Invasion Games Principles of attacking and defending	Striking and Fielding Throwing and catching Net and Wall Sending and receiving in using different techniques	Outdoor Adventure take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team Athletics Running, jumping, throwing
Religious Education (RE)	Christianity		Judaism	Hinduism	Islam	Humanism
Languages	Des Animaux extraordinaires		Bon Appetit		Le Monstre a faim	